

LOVERS QUARRELLED; THE GIRL A SUICIDE.

Handsome, Mysterious Young
Woman Drank Acid in
Harlem River Park.



Mysterious Girl Who Killed Herself After Quarrelling
With Her Lover.

The identity of a handsome girl who killed herself at Second Avenue and One Hundred and Twenty-sixth street last night apparently as the result of a lovers' quarrel is still a mystery.

The police have been unable to find any one who knows her, and the young man with whom she had been a few minutes before she took her life, has not yet appeared to tell her story.

It is possible that she does not yet know that the girl is dead. The dead woman was apparently about twenty-five years old. Her hair is dark. Her eyes are also dark. He clothes include a white shirt waist, a black skirt and belt, a black hat and low cut shoes.

It was about 10 o'clock that the girl and a young man came out of Butler's Harlem River Park. As they walked along they were engaged in earnest conversation. They were apparently disputing over something.

They walked together until they reached Third Avenue. There the dis-

M'KINLEY OFFERS TERMS TO CHINA.

President Will Mediate if Envoys Are Given
Up Unharmed to the Powers and Dis-
orders Are Promptly Suppressed.

(Special to The Evening World.)
WASHINGTON, July 24.—The President's reply to the Chinese Emperor's appeal for mediation stipulates that the good offices of the Government can only be utilized with the assent of the powers. This is precisely the theory applied by the Administration to the Transvaal controversy.

Secretary Hay's identical note of July 3 is made the basis for the President's reply. The doctrine therein enunciated, and the condition stipulated, are reiterated. Compliance with all these conditions, followed by the unanimous consent of the powers, is necessary before mediation can be assumed.

The President goes a step beyond M. Delcasse, the French Premier, who only asked that communication be restored with the French Minister, by requesting the same privileges for representatives of all the interested powers. In this connection no specific reference is made to the United States Minister.

Copies of the Chinese Emperor's appeal for mediation and the President's reply were today cabled to United States representatives at the capitals of all the interested nations, with a request that they be delivered to the respective foreign officers. It is thought that this course may elicit some intimation as to the inclination of the other powers toward mediation by this Government.

TERMS OFFERED TO CHINA.

President McKinley Will Mediate if Envoys Are Safely Delivered to Their Governments.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—The following correspondence between the President of the United States and the Emperor of China was made public by the State Department today.

Translation of a cablegram received by Minister Wu on July 23, 1900, from the Taotai of Shanghai, dated July 19, 1900:

Have received a telegram from Gov. Yuan (of Shanghai), dated 23 day of this month (July 19), who, having received from the Privy Council (at Peking) a despatch embodying an Imperial letter to the President of the United States, has instructed me to transmit to Your Excellency. The Imperial message is respectfully transmitted as follows:

CHINA'S APPEAL.

The Emperor of China to His Excellency the President of the United States.

Greeting:

China has long maintained friendly relations with the United States and is deeply conscious that the object of the United States is international commerce. Neither country entertains the least suspicion or distrust toward the other. Recent outbreaks of mutual antipathy between the people of the two countries caused the foreign government to view with suspicion the position of the Imperial Government as favorable to the people and prejudicial to the mission, with the result that the Taku forts were attacked and captured. Consequently there has been clashing of the forces with calamitous consequences.

The situation has become more and more serious and critical. We have just received a telegraphic memorial from our envoy, Wu Tingfang, and it is highly gratifying to us to learn that the United States Government, having in view the friendly relation between the two countries, has taken a deep interest in the present situation. Now China, driven by the irresistible course of events, has unfortunately incurred well-nigh universal indignation.

WANTS OUR AID.

"For setting the present difficulty, China places special reliance in the United States. We address this message to Your Excellency in all sincerity and confidence, with the hope that Your Excellency will devise means whereby the initiative in bringing about a cessation of the Powers for the restoration of order and peace. The favor of Your Majesty is earnestly requested and we are the greatest anxiety."

YU LIEN-YUN
(Taotai at Shanghai).

KWANGHSU, 26th year, 6th moon, 23 day (July 19, 1900).

This cablegram was at once communicated to the President at Canton and the following is his reply:

The President of the United States

To the Emperor of China—Greeting:

I have received Your Majesty's message of the 19th of July, and am glad to know that Your Majesty recognizes the fact that the Government and people of the United States desire of China nothing but what is just and equitable.

WHY WE LANDED.

The purpose for which we landed troops in China was the rescue of our Legation from grave danger, and the protection of the lives and property of Americans who were sojourning in China in the enjoyment of rights guaranteed them by treaty and by international laws. The same purposes are publicly declared by all the powers which have

FOR OUR CHINESE READERS.

TRANSLATION.

The New York Evening World has received this news from its correspondents in China. All of the foreign Ministers are reported safe in Peking and the most illustrious Prince Ching is bravely defending them with his estimable soldiers.

The honorable and divine Kwang Su, the most gracious Emperor, has asked the United States to interpose her mercy and stop the wars.

China has full faith in the heaven-born Americans and trusts them to give justice. Tientsin is now in the hands of the foreigners.

Russian soldiers and Boxers are now fighting in Manchuria.

Latest News of the Trouble in Their Country Told for Them in Their Own Language—First Time a Chinese War Summary Has Ever Been Published in an American Newspaper.

CHINAMEN READ AND APPLAUD THE NEWS.

Puckers of pleasure seemed the faces of the Mongolians in Chinatown this morning when they read the war news of the Orient for the first time in their own hieroglyphics. The Evening World's bulletin of the situation to date was the first newspaper account 95 per cent. of them were able to read.

Chattering groups gathered around the big bulletin board, at 16 Mott street, where a copy of The Evening World was posted.

Those who could not read had the news told them by their more educated brethren, and everywhere were heard expressions of satisfaction that Kwon Su had asked that the war be stopped.

Kwon Lee, a reputed actor of the royal house of China, was one of the most interested readers of the news.

"Good," he said, "good news. Fine newspaper, Evening World."

The Chinese Consulman at 16 Mott street, when they heard of the Emperor's appeal, was so moved that he immediately telegraphed to the Emperor, asking him to accept the Emperor's appeal.

Copies of the paper were bought by the hundreds in Chinatown.

United States cannot much longer co-operate with the Powers in China. The partition of China does not now seem far in the distance.

All of the interested Powers except the United States steadily refuse to believe the assurances given by Chinese officials that the foreign representatives in Peking are safe. They refuse to allow any degree of good faith to the legitimate Chinese Government.

They are determined upon a campaign of vengeance followed by the rapacious seizure of all possible territory. This policy has been especially indicated by the German Emperor, who has established a precedent by heretofore taking an entire province for the death of one missionary.

While all the powers have declared that territorial acquisition is not sought, it is believed that for such retention of the United States has declared for peace and hereafter, it is even expected that Great Britain will endeavor to largely increase her holdings.

If the jealousies of the powers continue, and it becomes evident that dismemberment of the Empire is sought rather than the restoration of order and the maintenance of a stable government, the United States must either pursue an independent course or withdraw its troops from the allied army.

The chief final aim of the United States is to prevent a dismemberment of the Chinese Empire and to perpetuate equal trade relations with all nations.

It is possible that at the last one or two other powers may join issue with the United States and declare for peace and hereafter, it is even expected that Great Britain will endeavor to largely increase her holdings.

This whole subject has been thoroughly discussed by administration officials and it is considered that with the safe deliverance of Minister Conger and other American officials, and the promise of satisfactory indemnity, the interest of this Government will practically end.

"Enough on Bantons."

New and successful treatment, only complete cure. Gives ease and comfort at once. Subdues inflammation. Allays fever, pain, nervousness, indigestion, sleeplessness, swelling and enlargement of joints; cures both hard and soft corns, and to treat, cure or prevent foot is given relief and comfort at once. 50c. of drug.

One Government, Angered by Land-lubbers of Europe, is Debating Independent Action.

(Special to The Evening World.)

WASHINGTON, July 24.—The British Government is spreading in official circles that the

ENGLISH MINISTER'S MESSAGE JULY 4.

(Continued from First Page.)

dated severally July 13, 14, 17 and 18, and forwarded from Chifoo July 15 to 20, have been received by the Minister of Foreign Affairs, M. Delcasse.

The despatch dated July 13 says a courier from Peking relates that since June 20 the Foreign Ministers had been besieged in the British Legation and that the marines were making a vigorous defense. The supply of ammunition was low and the peril of those in the legation was great. Up to the time the courier left Peking the loss of the marines had been sixteen killed and seventy-two wounded.

The other despatches referred to Tientsin matters.

Plot to Kill Chinese.

Attempt to Assassinate Yu Keng, the Envoy at Paris, Blocked by the Police.

PARIS, July 24.—It has just leaked out that a plot existed at the end of June to assassinate the Chinese Minister here, Yu Keng, or a member of the Legation at Paris.

The Secretary of the Legation, Major Parma, an Italian, in an interview today admitted that a report in circulation to that effect was true. Major Parma says:

"Six men, whose nationality has not been established, conspired to secure entry to the Legation and assassinate with knives a member of the Legation. I advised the Commissioner of Police, who took measures to break the plot, and nothing has since been heard of it."

FRANCE TO SEND 13,000.

A Brigade of Marines and Another of Land Troops Will Go to China.

PARIS, July 24.—The Matin this morning publishes full details regarding the

expeditionary corps of France which will participate in the operations of the Powers in China. The corps will consist of two brigades, one of marines, under the command of Gen. Frey, and the other supplied by the War Department, commanded by Gen. Bailoud.

The total French force will number 13,000 men.

Check Russia's Troops.

Advance of the Muscovites on New Chang Stopped by 10,000 Chinese Soldiers.

SHANGHAI, July 24.—A big battle between Russian and Chinese troops is near.

Three thousand Russians have arrived at Newchwang. They are hurrying to the relief of other Russian forces penned in by the Chinese. They were despatched from Port Arthur.

An army of 10,000 regular Chinese troops now block their way. The Chinese are well armed and drilled and are a formidable force.

The Chinese commander refuses to permit the Russians to proceed and a fierce battle is imminent.

The Chinese are awaiting attack. They are acting purely on the defensive, apparently wishing to place the responsibility for the fighting that will ensue on the Russians.

CHAPPEE NEARS HIS PORT.

Transport Grant, with General and Sixth Cavalry, Close to Nagasaki.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—A despatch has been received at the War Department from Quartermaster Hyde, at Nagasaki, stating that the transport Grant has been reported in the Island Sea and is expected to arrive at Nagasaki tomorrow.

She has on board Gen. Chappie, commanding the army in China, and the Sixth Cavalry, destined for service in that country.

WONG KEE HOME AGAIN.

Chinese Artist Returns, and His Little Wife Is Happy.

Wong Kai Kee, the artist of Chinatown, is back again among the half-finished stumps, the gaudy-lettered screens and scrolls and the green and gold dragons of the little studio at 1 Doyers street.

The secret societies of Chinatown that thought because he had drawn some pictures for a newspaper he was trying to stir up feeling against his countrymen have withdrawn their edicts against him.

He left his hiding place last night. If there ever was a happy woman in this world it is pretty little Mrs. Wong Kai Kee. Her long vigil is over; her prayers have been answered, and today she fairly crows with delight as she bustles about the little apartments back of the studio.

ROOSEVELT SCENTS WAR.

Promises 20,000 Men
for the Chinese Crisis
—Action on Ice.

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KEMPFF'S LITTLE ROW.

Claims Thirteen Guns Sunk, but British Warship Only Fires Eleven for His Flag.

LONDON, July 24.—The Globe's naval correspondent at Taku writes that Admiral Kempff has raised a storm in a tempest on the salute question.

"He is second in command of the station and thus entitled to eleven guns as Rear-Admiral, and this was recently given him by the Endymion at Yokohama."

"He claimed thirteen guns, stating that no American Admiral got eleven guns, their values being: Full Admiral, seventeen; Vice-Admiral, fifteen; Rear-Admiral, thirteen."

"The United States having just started the grade of Admiral it is probable Kempff thought out the regulation in pure ignorance, as there appears to be no reason why a United States Rear-Admiral should be worth more power than any other Rear-Admiral."

"To his protest Rear-Admiral Kempff was informed that the captain of the Endymion would give him as many guns as he wanted if there was sufficient powder on the ship, but that they published their regulations we had to go by ours."

"The Orlando (British armored ship, arriving at Taku, knew nothing of this regulation, and refused it in by saluting the Chinese Rear-Admiral with thirteen guns, then the Russian Rear-Admiral with fourteen, and then the United States Rear-Admiral with eleven guns."

"Whether distance made it difficult for them to distinguish the number, or a deliberate bribe was intended, the New York had the good taste to return thirteen."

No place like home! No place to get one like the Sunday World's House and Home Wants.

Evening World Helped.

The prayers, interviews and the message in The Evening World had the desired effect. The great Chinese Masonic Lodge met at 14 Peil street last night and decided to take up the cause of the little woman. When the Chinese Masons act it means something.

At the same time the Chinese Council Chang Wah Kung was meeting at 16 Mott street and they had decided that Kee should be punished. But the flat of the Masons came to them and they concluded to let the matter drop.

In some mysterious way the decision filtered through the city. The guards, who had never left the door of Kee's home after Friday, disappeared, and an hour later the door of Wong's studio was opened by the worthy himself. It was closed on him in the arms of the waiting woman.

SULTAN IS SHOCKED!

Greatly Affected by Barbarity of the Chinese, and May Send Troops to Taku.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 24.—The Sultan says the Porte is considering the subject of sending a Turkish force to China to co-operate with the powers.

The Sultan, the newspaper adds, is greatly affected by the barbarous acts of the Chinese.

AWFUL DEATH RATE DURING HOT WEEK.

THE WEATHER.

Forecast for the thirty-six hours ending at 8 P. M. Wednesday, July 25, for New York City and vicinity: Generally fair to clear. Showers Wednesday evening. Light to fresh southerly winds.

CITY'S BIG DEATH RATE IN HOT WEEK.

	Total Deaths	Infant Mortal.	Sun- st'k
Manhattan	1,948	501	42
Brooklyn	634	316	36
Bronx	122	70	5
Queens	94	53	1
Richmond	46	25	0
Total	1,944	965	104

DEATHS FROM HEAT.

WILLIAM FRANKLIN, eleven months old, died from the heat this morning at his home, 248 First Avenue.

A baby named MILLER, twenty-four days old, of 189 East Fourth street, died from heat at 7 o'clock this morning.

JOSEPH TRIMBLE, forty-seven years old, died from the heat this morning in the lodging house at 110 Mulberry street.

LENA LEWENHOCK, eighty-four years old, of 346 East Thirty-first street, died from heat in her home this morning.

MALCOLM PETERS, a fireman, of 2350 Eighth Avenue, died this morning in the J. Hood Wright Hospital from the heat.

BETTYE RAISER, ten months old, died from the heat this morning at her home, 203 West Thirty-sixth street.

EDNA LEDWITH, forty-five years old, of 2307 First Avenue, died from the heat at 11 o'clock this morning.

HEAT PROSTRATIONS.

Charles Selina, nineteen, of 292 East Houston street, was overcome at 8:30 A. M. in front of 881 Fifth street, Bellevue Hospital.

John Rising, twenty-five years old, of 745 Ninth Avenue, was overcome by the heat at 10 A. M. of 10th Street and Eighth Avenue. Taken home.

One from sunstroke in the seven-day Sunday, which over the past week, aggregates 104.

IN BROOKLYN.

With every tick of time
A mother sighs:
"God help us to endure!"
A father cries:
But still the Heat King glares,
With torrid eyes,
And every time he winks
A baby dies! J. W. L.

OFFICIAL RECORD.

6 A. M.	70
7 A. M.	71
8 A. M.	74
9 A. M.	76
10 A. M.	80
11 A. M.	82
12 (noon)	82
1 P. M.	82
3 P. M.	83

The statistics of infant mortality in the greater city are even more appalling.

Nine hundred and sixty-five children of five years or under died during the seven days. Of these the Board of Health declares 86 per cent. died from heat, or diseases in which the heat was a contributory cause.

In Manhattan during the hot week there were 104 deaths, of which 58 were infants. Sixty-two were cases of sunstroke.

In Brooklyn there were 36 deaths, 35 of them of infants and thirty-six fatal sunstrokes.

In the Bronx the deaths were 120; infant mortality seventy and five sunstrokes.

In Queens borough there were ninety-four deaths; infant mortality fifty-three; one sunstroke.

In Richmond the deaths were forty-six; infant mortality twenty-five.

Sunday World

WANTS

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WORLD WANTS

Good crops of Business Opportunities are cultivated with the help of Sunday World Wants.